

PROFILE OF THE TIGER HORSE BREED

On the diagram below, draw face, neck or body whorls (a whorl is a cowlick and your horses thumb print). Please find at least 2 whorls; spots change, whorls do not. The direction of the whorl is important ie, clockwise, anti-clockwise or elongated (centerpede shape).

Indicate whether the skin beneath white hair is pink, black, or mottled (check box in section below).

Texture of mane and tail: Sparse and short, or Full and long (circle one).

Legs: Indicate all striping/spots/socks or stockings on the diagram.

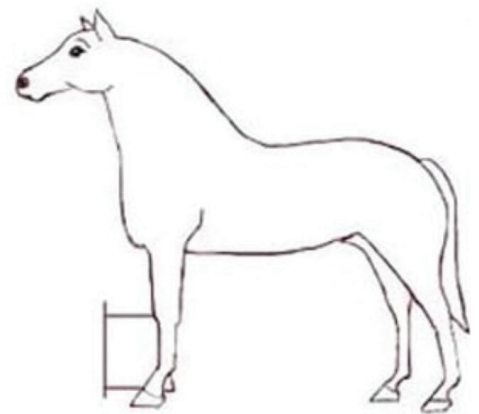
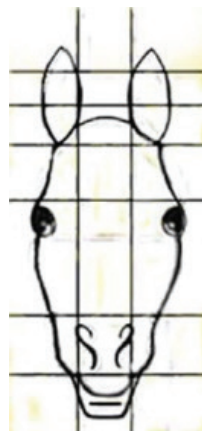
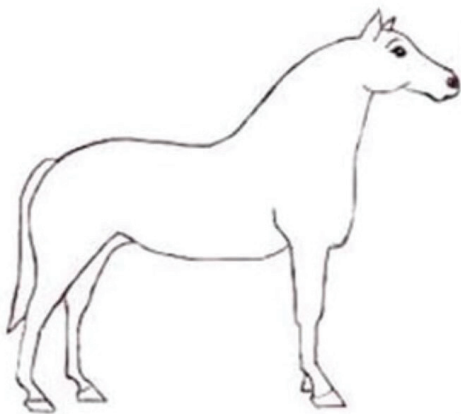
Body: If the horse is a roan be accurate.

Face: Draw in all white face markings provided the skin beneath them is pink or mottled.

To help you understand what you are looking at: All horses are born with a base coat color, either red or black and their various shades. The white spotting coat patterns deposit on top of the base coat color creating pleasing and contrasting patterns. Tigre prefers that no known Pinto genes are present. We do accept the Sabino gene provided it is present at the same time as the Lp gene on original entry horses. Foals born from two registered Tiger Horses are exempt from this scrutiny. Solid colored foals are perfectly acceptable provided they are born from two Tigre registered parents. If Applicant horse is totally white, wet the coat and examine the skin for accuracy so we can help you identify what you have. We like to see pink or mottled skin beneath white markings. Never black which indicates the presence of the gray gene. Gray is undesirable as it eventually eliminates all the spots.

Important: Some whorls are round, others “elongated” or centerpede shaped. Some are clockwise others anti-clockwise. Please indicate. (below right side, left side, and center of their forehead).

Adult horses: On one front leg measure from crease in horses knee to hairline above hoof in inches. Foals under 6 months, measure from crease in knee to the ground. Helps us know how tall the horse is, or how tall it will eventually be.



Inner Ear color: _____ Back side color: _____

Color of mane: _____ Color of tail: _____

Check box for horse color:

- Bay Dark Bay Black Brown Chestnut Dun Red Roan (chestnut base) Blue Roan (black base)
- Bay Roan Classic Roan (no white ticking on head/neck or extremities) White (skin color pink)
- White (skin color black) White (mottled skin) White/Gray (white or roan hair underlying black skin)
- Palomino Grulla Silver (chocolate with flaxen mane and tail) Silver Bay (chocolate with flaxen mane and tail and bay stockings)
- Other _____

The Eyes:

Visible whites showing

Color right eye:

Brown Blue Black

Color left eye:

Brown Blue Black

Other _____

Other _____

Note: "CHARACTERISTICS" of the Lp gene (Aka Appaloosa spots) are as follows:

Please check appropriate box.

- Horse displays various coat patterns excluding Pinto/Paint
- Under-lying skin pattern is mottled
- Muzzle and/or genitalia are mottled
- Are all 4 hooves striped? If not please indicate on diagram by blacking out non striped hooves

State which hooves are black, which hooves are amber, and whether the Applicant is a Ghost Horse (FewSpot)?
Visit the Ghost Horse page for correct identification.

Which hooves are black _____

Which hooves are amber _____

Is Applicant a Snow Cap? _____

Is Applicant a Ghost Horse (FewSpot)? _____

DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE (for office use only) Processing Date:

Gait identified as: _____

Horse is ROYALTY #TG _____

HEAVENLY #TG _____